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APPLICATION N	D.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
10/512,142 10/22/2004		10/22/2004	Toshio Hosooka	121566	8630	
25944	7590	02/16/2006		EXAMINER		
	BERRID	GE, PLC	WOOD, ELIZABETH D			
	D. BOX 19928 EXANDRIA, VA 22320			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
				1755		
•				DATE MAILED: 02/16/2006	DATE MAILED: 02/16/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
Office A.A. and Occurrence	10/512,142	HOSOOKA, TOSHIO					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	,				
	Elizabeth D. Wood	1755					
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence ad	dress				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period was realized to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timustilly apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE!	l. ely filed the mailing date of this co O (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on							
	_ action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar	nce except for formal matters, pro	secution as to the	merits is				
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition of Claims							
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-13</u> is/are pending in the application.							
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-13</u> is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.							
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	г.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).							
a) All b) Some * c) None of:							
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
<ul> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage</li> </ul>							
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).							
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
222 II.3 alabitoa astansa emiss asheri for a not of the softmed copies flot received.							
Attachment(s)	🗖						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da						
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)	5) Notice of Informal P		)-152)				
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 10/22/04.	6) [_] Other:						

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#### Specification

The examiner has not checked the specification to the extent necessary to determine the presence of **all** possible minor errors (grammatical, typographical and idiomatic). Cooperation of the applicant(s) is requested in correcting any errors of which applicant(s) may become aware of in the specification, in the claims and in any future amendment(s) that applicant(s) may file.

Applicant(s) is also requested to complete the status of any copending applications referred to in the specification by their Attorney Docket Number or Application Serial Number, **if any**.

The status of the parent application(s) and/or any other application(s) cross-referenced to this application, if **any**, should be updated in a timely manner.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 1-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

The claims are indefinite with respect to the terminology "on the basis of extrapolation amount added to a mixture". It is further unclear whether the remaining percentages in the claim depend on the composition with or without water. For the

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purposes of examination, the examiner considers all percentages recited to mean "by weight of the entire material or composition".

Claim 2 further recites "types selected" which is improper. The materials recited are not "types" and this should be deleted. The claim further recites "any of which is in granular form" which does not constitute a proper and required limitation on the selected materials. Granular should precede each member of the Markush group.

Claims 4, 5 and 9-13 recite "a construction method of the civil engineering material" which is confusing. As this appears to be a method for making the composition, the preamble should be so modified.

The claim is further indefinite in the recitation of "loosening the agglomerates of the hardened material" because there is no antecedent basis in the process for either agglomerates or hardened material.

Claims 5 and 11 are further confusing in the language "so as to nurture a plant and/or tree in the formed body" as this is apparently no more than function intended use terminology. If applicants actually intend this to constitute an active limitation on the process, the claim should be amended.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.

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Claims 1-4 and 8-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by JP 07-102571.

The Japanese document employs cement, water and aggregate, wherein the aggregate contains **not less than** 50 wt.% powder of 0.1mm or less. All compositional percentages appear identical with the exception being that the instant cliams recite 10 to **less than** 50% by weight of powder of 0.1 mm or less. Although this might appear a direct teaching away, it is clear that the reference clearly envisioned the claimed subject matter and the use thereof for environmental remediation as claimed in the instant application. The translation states on page 2 that it is simply for economic reasons. Accordingly, the reference has disclosed the invention as claimed as a non-preferred embodiment, which still anticipates the instant claims.

The instantly claimed mixing and curing steps are adequately taught by the reference, as are the addition of fertilizer and/or components necessary for revegetation.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 5-7 and 11-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over claims 1-4 and 8-10 as discussed above.

These claims differ from the JP disclosure in the recitation that the material made is formed into "container-like" bodies and buried.

Absent some convincing evidence to the contrary, the examiner considers this to be a matter of design choice for the skilled artisan artisan. For example, if the artisan intended to grow grass in a given area, a layer of the cementitious material would be selected. If, on the other hand, the artisan intended to grow large trees, then a

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container shape would be ideal. Clearly, such can be considered a result-effective

variable to the artisan ordinarily skilled in the area of technology.

The limitations of all claims have been considered and are deemed to be within

the purview of the prior art.

Conclusion

Applicants are advised that any evidence to be provided under 37 CFR 1.131 or

1.132 and any amendments to the claims and specification should be submitted prior to

final rejection to be considered timely. It is anticipated that the next office action will be

a final rejection.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Elizabeth D. Wood whose telephone number is 571-

272-1377. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F, 5:30-2:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Jerry Lorengo can be reached on 571-272-1233. The fax phone number for

the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Elizabeth D. Wood Primary Examiner Art Unit 1755

edw